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Years of Splendor

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Years of Splendor

Bigness marked the 1960's—bigger crowds, bigger entry lists, Bunyanesque performers.

Before 1960, the only Relays capacity crowd of 18,000 had come in 1934 to see Jack Torrance. In the current decade, there have been six crowds of 18,000 with seats often gone three hours before the first afternoon race. Entry lists have again reached 3,000 with over 1,300 university and college participants.

No performer has dramatized talent explosion more than Randy Matson or Jim Ryun. In the 1950's, crowds thrilled as Parry O'Brien neared the 60-foot shot barrier. In the 1960's, Matson aimed at 70 feet when he stepped in the circle. In the 1950's, Santee thrilled crowds with 4:06 miles. In the 1960's, Ryun ran over 10 seconds faster.

Ryun's Kansas team again dominated the university division with 12 relay victories to seven for Baylor. But a change in the decade was the comparative level of college relay performances.

Two schools were the leaders. Texas Southern won 19 relays in the 1960's and Southern University 11. After the 1959 Relays, these schools held records for the fastest 440 and 880 relays ever run at Drake, and their sprint medley and mile

relay standards were close to university bests.

The great names of track were at Drake in the early 1960's. Ralph Boston came directly from a meet in Turkey and stopped the 1960 bid of Jim Baird of East Texas for his third straight broad jump title. Another great jumper was at the 1961 meet. John Thomas of Boston University, who had gone over seven feet at the Rome Olympics only to lose, won at 6-8. Bill Nieder, who would win the 1964 Olympics, beat Parry O'Brien with a 63-11 shot put in 1960. Billy Mills, who also won at Tokyo, was only fourth in a 10,000-meter race. Olympians met in a 440 and Glen Davis defeated Eddie Southern in 47.4.

But the event that stopped the 1961 show involved a girl. Silence was the tribute as the winner of three gold medals at Rome, Wilma Rudolph, stepped to her blocks for the first women's 100 in Relays history. Five girls, Sharon Ostrus and Jan Swanson of Wiota, June Kettering of Lake View-Audubon, Peggy Riemenschneider of State Center, and Mary Strand of Prairie View, Gowrie, were her opponents. After a false start, all runners got off together. The great stride of the Olympic champ prevailed. Rudolph won in 11.1 by nine yards over Strand with Ostrus third.

The Relays stayed co-ed, and in 1964, Iowa pride was high, as four girls pulled an upset. Girls' track was still young in the state. *Sports Illustrated* had written of the Texas Belles, a track

team that featured not only speed afoot but bouffant hairdos. Relays officials saw the Belles win at the Kansas Relays and invited them to Drake.

Betty Lundblad of Prairie of Gowrie, Carol Breeding of Southeast Polk, and Carolyn Winston of Cardinal, Eldon, were chosen by the Iowa Girls High School Athletic Union to run the first three legs. They held the Texans close, then Linda Schram of Manila brought Iowa a 3-yard victory as the stadium roared. In later years, Sandra Hayes of Malvern and Connie Knott of Manila ran the 100 in 10.9. Iowa won and lost relays with out-of-state teams. In 1968, Knott, Brenda DeWall and Sara Beckord of Rolfe, and Janet Brown of Charles City defeated teams from several states in a medley. All these girls attained national ranking in individual events; Beckord and Brown were invited to the Olympic try-outs.

The great prep feat of all Relays was by a male. Clyde Duncan had run at Drake on his school teams as a second grader. In 1964, he was a North senior, a veteran of 10 Relays and twice winner of the prep 100. The dash this year immediately followed university-college 100 preliminaries. Trenton Jackson of Illinois, co-holder with Jesse Owens of the national prep record of 9.4, had just won his heat in 9.5. Then came the high school field that included boys, besides Duncan, who would run 9.7 and 9.8 that season.

After one false start, the prep field was off. But

Duncan moved as if rocketed, breaking to an 8-yard lead. The timers looked at watches. One read 9.2, another 9.3; a third, 9.4. The wind was 7.6 miles per hour, too high for a record, but Clyde Duncan had run 9.3, the fastest 100 in Relays history. Later he ran a 220 relay leg timed in 20.1.

Henry Carr, 200-meter winner at Tokyo, ran 21 flat for the 220 in 1964. It was a decade of great sprinters. Florida A. & M. came to Drake in 1962, and fans saw Bob Hayes, who had already run 9.2. He won the Drake dash on a wet track by five yards in 9.4 and anchored a winning 440 relay.

The two sprinters, who succeeded Hayes in world domination, appeared at Drake in 1965 and 1966. Charley Greene of Nebraska made a debut with a wind-aided 9.4 hundred. Relays 1966 matched the cool, bespectacled Cornhusker with Jim Hines of Texas Southern. Greene won in 9.3, with tension accented by two false starts and the wind again too strong.

In 1967, Hines announced, "I'm going to run whatever race Greene runs. Last year he beat me because of his start but I'm much faster out of the blocks now."

Hines was too fast. He jumped and the 100 meter field was called back. The next time he was slower and Greene won in 10.1 for his third Relays title. Greene later ran a 110-yard relay leg in 9.9, but in the 1968 Olympics, he lost the 100 to Hines.

Hines was also running fine relay legs, and the competition between Texas Southern and Southern University was as intense as that between Greene and Hines. Southern won four relays in both 1965 and 1966 and Texas Southern three in 1967. No race was greater than the 1966 half-mile. Southern with Webster Johnson, George Anderson, Grundy Harris, and Theron Lewis won in 1:22.7. Texas Southern with Duncan and Hines ran 1:22.9.

Southern had run another epic relay in 1965. On a cold, windy day when an inch of rain fell, the mile team, anchored by Theron Lewis' 45.6, ran 3:06.5, and gave indications they could have broken the world record on a better day. Lewis had run 45.4 in a preliminary. Only Texas, anchored by Dave Morton's 45.3 in 1968, was faster at Drake. In the 1968 mile, won in 3:05.5, Emmett Taylor of Ohio ran the fastest lap in Relays history, 45.2. The race had a tragic sequel. The second place team, Lamar Tech, along with a teammate, were killed in a Texas plane crash on their way home.

The best leadoff 440 in Relays history was 45.9 by Felix Johnson of Prairie View in 1968. Two Iowa runners had run 45.9 with flying starts, as the Hawkeyes won the 1967 mile in a record 3:07.4. Mike Mondane and Jon Reimer, a native of George, Iowa, led teammates Fred Ferree of Des Moines and Carl Frazier of North Scott.

Iowa won the mile twice in the 1960's after going 25 years without a victory in the event the Hawkeyes dominated in the 1920's. Roger Kerr of Wapello and Gary Hollingsworth of English Valley featured a 3:13.5 win in 1963.

Drake won the mile relay in 1961. Before the meet Drake had run the nation's fastest 2-mile, but Kansas, defending N.C.A.A. champ, beat the Bulldogs at the Relays. So Drake went into the mile. Len Hutchinson started, but it was Leroy Saunders who gave the Bulldogs the lead that Ed Lunford and Charley Durant, a 6 ft. 4 in. runner, sustained, despite the challenge of Olympian Ollan Cassill of Houston. The time, 3:11.9, had been bettered only once at Drake.

Drake with two native Iowans, Dave Compton of Sioux City and Gordon Hoffert, a Des Moines freshman, won the 4-mile in 1968. Dennis Hunt ran the third leg in 4:09.7, and Elliott Evans a 4:07 anchor after Hoffert's 4:09.3 for the second lap. Missouri was the contender, with Billy Wells of Seymour, their anchor. Drake's time was 16:39.7. Only Kansas, with Ryun in 1966, has run faster at the Relays.

The 1964 Outstanding Athlete was a Davenport native. Gayle Hopkins of Arizona jumped 26-2 in the long jump, breaking Jesse Owens' record, and 51-8 in the triple jump. The long jump mark lasted a year. Clarence Robinson of Nebraska went 26-9 $\frac{1}{4}$ in 1965. Hopkins' triple jump

was erased by Lennox Burgher, a Nebraska sophomore in 1968. Burgher's 52-11 bettered the American collegiate mark.

Gravity was losing battles. John Hartfield, Texas Southern, became the Relays' first 7-foot jumper in 1967. The fiber glass pole revolutionized vaulting. John Uelses, first man to clear 16 feet, was at Drake in 1962. But he lost to George Davies of Oklahoma State at 15-6. Fred Hansen of Rice, the first 17-foot man and 1964 Olympic champ, won the Relays vault three times from 1962-1964. But it remained for Wichita vaulter, Fred Burton, to reach a record 16-6 in 1966.

The 440 hurdles were swifter. Ronnie Ablo- wick of Georgia Tech broke Cliff Cushman's record with 52.1 in 1961. Bill Washington of Central State (Ohio) ran 51.4 in 1963. It was his first victory, and he selected, as prize, a woman's watch for his wife. Lee Albright of L.S.U. ran 51 flat in 1965.

The 1964 winner was a second generation star from L.S.U. Bill, son of Glenn Hardin, the brilliant 1934-1935 performer, won in 51.7.

Even Oerter's discus record failed to survive. Texas A. & M.'s great Randy Matson threw 191-2½ in 1965, dominating this event as well as the shot three straight years. One of two men to win two events three times, Matson won the 1967 shot by over 10 feet with a record toss of 68-8½.

The other triple-doubler arrived at Drake un-

noticed in 1966. Oscar Moore of Southern Illinois set a strong pace in the 3-mile run and soon had over a half lap lead. But Van Nelson of St. Cloud State kept gaining and eventually passed the Salluki. The race was a record, and Nelson won the 6-mile the next day. Nelson ran two more years at Drake, and each year broke both marks despite obstacles. In 1967, he was hit by a car while doing winter training. In 1968, he developed a toe blister in the 3-mile, but still won the longer race in record time.

The best hurdle race in Relays history was in 1967. Willie Davenport of Southern, 1968 Olympic champ, ran 13.6 into a strong wind to beat Arnaldo Bristol of Texas Southern in the 120-yard high hurdles. Clyde Glosson of Trinity had wind help on a 9.3 hundred in 1968, but won the final against a wind in 9.5, defeating Andrew Hopkins of S. F. Austin, who had run a legal 9.4 in a preliminary.

All races seemed to go faster. Western Michigan set an American 4-mile record with 16:52.4 in 1961. By 1966, Kansas had reduced it by over 13 seconds. Jim Ryun's finest Relays was in 1967. With the wind blowing 36 miles an hour, he got the baton in the 4-mile relay 40 yards behind Conrad Nightingale, Kansas State Olympian. After a 2:02 half and a 3:05.1 three-quarters, he still trailed Nightingale, who had opened strong. But Ryun's speed prevailed in a 54-second final quar-

ter, and he caught the Wildcat with 15 yards to go—the first Relay sub-4-minute mile (3:59.1).

The next day, the Kansan was faster. Curt Grindal opened the distance medley with a routine 1:52.5 half. Dwight Peck gave the Jayhawkers the lead with a 46.4 quarter. Tom Yergovich ran a 2:59.3 three-quarters, and then there was Ryun.

His first quarter was 56.8 and his half 1:59. At the three-quarters, he was 3:01.8, then came the sprint. Ryun, covering the last lap in 53.8, finished in 3:55.6. The medley time was 9:33.8, a world's record.

Ryun was not at his best at the 1968 Relays, later yielding to mononucleosis. But he anchored two winning relays and ran 880's in 1:48.2 and 1:48.6. Impressive were teammates Gene McClain with the best three-quarters in all Relays, 2:56.6, and Ben Olson with a 45.5 quarter.

Before Ryun, the finest Relays mile was by red-haired, 130-pound Tom O'Hara of Loyola, 4:01 in the 1963 mile run.

The sprint medley of the era came two years later. Baylor, anchored by Rex Garvin in 1:47.2, ran 3:17, an American record. The shuttle hurdle mark was repeatedly vulnerable. Michigan State, with Clint Jones, Gene Washington, Fred McKoy, and Bob Steele set an American mark of 57.4 in 1966 and lowered it to 57.3 the next year without Jones. This record was lost to Kansas' 56.7 in 1968. George Byers ran 13.8 and Dave Stev-

ens, 13.9 into a wind, to give the Jayhawkers the American collegiate mark.

The races were run on the red brick track that Southern Methodist's John Roderick called in 1964, "the greatest I've ever run on." But technology had produced a better one. At the 1968 Relays, it was announced that General George Olmstead, chairman of the International Bank of Washington, who saw the 1910 meet, had given \$100,000, so Drake could install a red tartan-surface track in 1969.

Colleges will come from near and far to run on it. The near ones will compete in Iowa college relays. Sixteen schools have won at least one race since these events were started in 1923. Northern Iowa has been the big winner, but Cornell in the 1950's won six straight 880 relays and Morning-side won the race five times from 1926-1930.

The high school field has kept pace with college improvement. In 1968, Doug Smith of Sioux City Central was the national 2-mile indoor champ. Yet he barely held off Jerome Howe of Treynor in the best prep mile of all Relays, as both boys ran 4:12.6. Doug Lane of Cedar Rapids Jefferson, one of two preps in history ever to put the 12-pound shot over 70 feet, set Relays marks yearly, with his 67-2 $\frac{1}{4}$ in 1968 his farthest.

As collegians went under 46 seconds with relay laps, preps broke 48, with the 47 flat by Roger Colglazier of Davenport Central in 1968 the best.

The year 1960 brought a top 880 in a relay, 1:53 by Bill Frazier of North Scott. Steve Johnson of Sioux City East equaled it in 1968.

The fastest prep hurdle race of all Relays was 14.2 by John Dvorak of Cedar Rapids Washington in 1966, but wind prevented a record. In the decade, Charles Taylor of Des Moines Tech and Jim Kirby of North tied the 100-yard record of 9.7.

Ames broke the 8-minute 2-mile relay mark first in 1962, and for two years the team neared national records. In 1968, Sioux City ran 7:50.2 for the current Drake mark. In the first 40 years of the Relays only two teams in the college division ran the race that fast.

Eagerly watching the improvement, the Drake Relays Committee prepares for 1969, when the millionth Relays ticket will be sold. The committee numbers 18, 13 of them Des Moines professional or business leaders. They are successors to Bob Evans and Reson Jones, who started in 1910; to Art Kirk, who retired after 36 years and Earl Linn after 34. A veteran clerk of course, Edgar Musgrave, is senior on the current committee with 26 years of service.

Members know that Relays success depends on the conquest of thousands of details—including answering the canard about weather. The committee reports that of 106 Relays days, 50 have been ideal, only 18 rainy, and only four snowy.

IOWA WINNERS AT THE RELAYS

880 RELAY—UNIVERSITY

- 1910—Drake (Carl Neiman, Will Conrad, Russell Herrold, Earl Linn) 1:41
1913—Drake (Lewis Crull, David Oyler, James Dyson, Gage Stahl) 1:33.4
1929—Iowa (Vaughn Stevenson, Oran Pape, George Baird, Ralph Stamats) 1:28.2
1951—Drake (Jim Ford, Ray Eiland, Jack Kelly, Jim Lavery) 1:25.9—1:25.5 prelim.

MILE RELAY—UNIVERSITY

- 1910—Drake (Carl Neiman, Will Conrad, Russell Herrold, Earl Linn) 3:48
1923—Iowa (Harry Morrow, Gerhard Noll, Charles Brookins, Eric Wilson) 3:16.9
1924—Iowa (Harry Morrow, Orthel Roberts, Chan Coulter, Charles Brookins) 3:21.5
1926—Iowa (Ernest Beatty, Ted Swenson, Orthel Roberts, Frank Cuhel) 3:27.1
1927—Iowa (Ernest Beatty, Lowell Phelps, George Baird, Frank Cuhel) 3:20.5
1928—Iowa (Vaughn Stevenson, Ralph Stamats, George Baird, Frank Cuhel) 3:22.2
1929—Iowa (Vaughn Stevenson, Everett Ferguson, Ralph Stamats, George Baird) 3:25.4
1938—Iowa (Fred Teufel, Carl Teufel, John Graves, Milton Billig) 3:15.4
1951—Drake (Jim Ford, Ray Eiland, Jack Kelly, Jim Lavery) 3:15
1961—Drake (Len Hutchinson, LeRoy Saunders, Ed Lunford, Charles Durant) 3:11.9
1963—Iowa (Gary Richards, Scott Rucker, Gary Hollingsworth, Roger Kerr) 3:13.5
1967—Iowa (Fred Ferree, Carl Frazier, Mike Mondane, Jon Reimer) 3:07.4

2-MILE RELAY—UNIVERSITY

- 1910—Drake (Harold Denny, Edward Hardesty, Fred Havens, Robert Thompson) 9:48
1920—ISU, Ames (Deac Wolters, Otis Higgins, D. C. Stone, Bert Webb) 7:53.2
1921—ISU, Ames (Deac Wolters, S. S. Graham, Bert Webb, Otis Higgins) 7:52.4
1922—ISU, Ames (Carroll Hammerly, Harold Frevert, Otis Higgins, Deac Wolters) 7:53.6
1929—Iowa (Jack Moulton, Byron Turner, John McCammon, Joe Gunn) 7:57.3
1933—ISU, Ames (Lyle Chisholm, Vernon Guse, Lyle Chapman, Earl Labertew) 7:51.9
1941—Drake (Harold Albee, Forrest Jamieson, Bob Barsalou, Lowell Baal) 7:41.8

880 RELAY—COLLEGE

- 1912—Coe (Andrew Monroe, E. H. Sherman, Horace Stunkard, C. P. Wilson) 1:36
1915—Coe (Glenn Bailey, O. A. Rife, John Massey, Charles Lighter) 1:31.8
1916—Grinnell (Lance Barden, Chester Fleming, Henry Young, Charles Hoyt) 1:32.4
1918—Grinnell (Don McMurray, Harold Fleck, Addison Sprinkle, Casper Cinty) 1:37.8
1919—Dubuque (Joe Duke, Henry Bregman, Sherman Arends, Sol Butler) 1:34.4
1920—Coe (Raleigh Holt, Carl Schlotterbeck, Lyle Tullar, Harlan Frentress) 1:34.8

MILE RELAY—COLLEGE

- 1911—Coe (Edgar Furniss, Horace Stunkard, Ken Larkin, C. P. Wilson) 3:36.6
1912—Coe (Andrew Monroe, E. H. Sherman, Horace Stunkard, C. P. Wilson) 3:29.8
1914—Coe (John Massey, Charles Lighter, Glenn Bailey, Neil McAulay) 3:32.4
1915—Coe (John Massey, Elliott Purmort, Charles Lighter, Glenn Bailey) 3:28
1918—Grinnell (Bryan Hoyt, Addison Sprinkle, Ben Ellsworth, Harold Fleck) 3:44.2
1920—Coe (Raleigh Hoyt, Walter Brown, Lyle Tullar, Harlan Frentress) 3:30.4
1921—Cornell (Payson Peterson, Maynard Schell, Russell Cole, George Bretnall) 3:23.2
1924—Des Moines (Clark Tolles, Jim Page, Charles Corzatt, Ted Montgomery) 3:26.7

2-MILE RELAY—COLLEGE

- 1912—Morningside (V. E. Montgomery, L. H. Kingsbury, W. H. Bowker, A. C. Lemon) 8:28.8
1915—Morningside (Herald Walker, Vivian Lavelly, M. L. Morley, Wendell Curry) 8:15
1916—Morningside (Earl Williams, Harry Warnes, Herald Walker, Wendell Curry) 8:17.4
1917—Morningside (Bly McConkey, Garland Omer, Herald Walker, Wendell Curry) 8:16.2
1918—Morningside (Herbert Meyers, Ray Troutman, Merle Schafenberg, Herald Walker) 8:49.6
1919—Morningside (Jim Lee, Herbert Meyers, Merle Schafenberg, Albert Hunt) 8:23.6
1921—Cornell (Maynard Schell, Russell Cole, Payson Peterson, George Bretnall) 8:11.8
1945—Cornell (Jim McKeon, Charles Jacot, George Cummings, Don Strucken) 8:28.2
1951—Iowa State Teachers (Leland Crew, Bob Buum, Ray Eiben, Don Lange) 7:53.6

4-MILE RELAY—COLLEGE

- 1911—Des Moines (Harry Johnston, Walter Nutt, Ralph Miller, Alfred Durey) 19:41.6
1912—Des Moines (Harry Johnston, Melvin Gillette, Ralph Miller, Alfred Durey) 19:47.6
1913—Coe (Neil McAulay, Francis Smith, John Carroll, Jerry Bolcar) 19:51.8

4-MILE RELAY—UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE

- 1918—ISU, Ames (Elbert Reed, Peter Cramer, D. C. Stone, Arlin Hawthorn) 19:29
1933—Grinnell (Arthur McIlrath, Joe Pfeiffer, Tom Gordon, Myron Pilbrow) 18:11.9
1944—ISU, Ames (Ralph Ragan, Mike Deane, Henry Schwenk, Bill Arlen) 18:51.5
1945—ISU, Ames (Bill Rowland, Bob Jones, Mike Deane, Bill Arlen) 18:37.9
1947—Drake (Ray Prohaska, Fred Schoeffler, Pat Bowers, Bill Mack) 17:31.1
1968—Drake (Dave Compton, Gordon Hoffert, Dennis Hunt, Elliott Evans) 16:39.7

DISTANCE MEDLEY

- 1931—Iowa State (Lloyd Nagel, Charles Henderson, Earl Labertew, Ray Putnam) 10:21.6
1937—Drake (Harrison Kohl, Bob Horstmeier, Ray Mahannah, Bill Feiler) 10:21
1945—Drake (Lee Hofacre, Paul Ware, Henry Williams, Fred Feiler) 10:37.8
1956—Iowa (Gastonia Finch, Murray Keatinge, Caesar Smith, Ted Wheeler) 10:14.3

2-MILE MEDLEY

- 1927—Iowa State (Lindus Caulum, LaVerne Witmer, Quincy Thornburg, Ray Conger) 8:08.2

SPRINT MEDLEY

- 1952—Iowa (LeRoy Ebert, Gary Scott, Glen Hesseltine, Ted Wheeler) 3:23.5
1956—Iowa (Gastonia Finch, Caesar Smith, Les Stevens, Ted Wheeler) 3:23.4

480 SHUTTLE HURDLE

- 1932—Iowa (LaRue Thurston, Miles Jackson, Everett Handorf, George Saling) 1:01.6
1955—Iowa (Tom Ecker, Don Peterson, Les Stevens, Jack Mathews) 59.2

440 RELAY—UNIVERSITY

- 1927—Iowa (John Everingham, Ernest Beatty, George Baird, Frank Cuhel) 41.8
1928—Iowa (Vaughn Stevenson, Ralph Stamats, George Baird, Frank Cuhel) 42.2
1935—Iowa (Andy Dooley, Wilson Briggs, Carl Nelson, Jim Owen) 41.7
1945—Iowa State (Dick Howard, Jim McCauslin, Melvin Larsen, Rex Wagner) 43.9
1951—Drake (Jim Ford, George Nichols, Ray Eiland, Jim Lavery) 41.7
1952—Iowa (Ira Murchison, Len Sykes, Glen Hesseltine, Gary Scott) 41.5

EVOLUTION OF RECORDS

4-MILE RELAY

1911—Missouri 18:56
 1912—Wisconsin 18:46.4
 1913—Northwestern 18:36.4
 1915—Wisconsin 18:04.4
 1916—Wisconsin 18:03.4
 1922—Illinois 17:45
 1936—Indiana 17:40.2
 1938—Missouri 17:34.7
 1939—Oklahoma A&M 17:29.6
 1951—Michigan State 17:21.2
 1952—Kansas 17:15.9
 1959—Oregon 17:15.2
 1961—Western Michigan 16:50.4
 1963—Stanford 16:43.4
 1965—Kansas 16:40.6
 1966—Kansas 16:38.7

2-MILE RELAY—UNIVERSITY

1910—Drake 9:48
 1911—Illinois 8:17.4
 1912—Minnesota 8:10.2
 1914—Illinois 8:00
 1917—Notre Dame 7:56.8
 1920—ISU, Ames 7:53.2
 1921—ISU, Ames 7:52.4
 1925—Michigan 7:51.4
 1932—Notre Dame 7:48.8
 1934—Louisiana State 7:42.8
 1941—Drake 7:41.8
 1951—Washington State 7:38.6
 1952—Illinois 7:31.6
 1961—Kansas 7:28.6
 1964—Missouri 7:20.6

MILE RELAY—UNIVERSITY

1910—Drake 3:48
 1911—Chicago 3:24.4
 1915—Missouri 3:23.8
 1916—Wisconsin 3:22.4
 1917—Illinois 3:21.8
 1920—Illinois 3:21.6
 1922—Illinois 3:20.4
 1923—Iowa 3:16.9
 1934—U.C.L.A. 3:15.9
 1938—Iowa 3:15.4
 1939—Ohio State 3:14.1
 1952—Kansas 3:13.1
 1954—Illinois 3:12.6
 1955—Oklahoma A&M 3:11.7
 1959—Texas 3:11.3
 1964—Nebraska 3:09.2
 1967—Iowa 3:07.4
 1968—Texas 3:05.5

880 RELAY—UNIVERSITY

1910—Drake 1:41
 1911—Illinois 1:31.6
 1914—Chicago 1:31
 1915—Chicago 1:30

1916—Wisconsin 1:28.8
 1922—Illinois 1:28.8
 1923—Illinois 1:27.5
 1925—Michigan 1:27.5
 1930—Michigan 1:26.6*
 1934—Texas 1:26.6
 1935—Iowa 1:26*
 1942—Ohio State 1:25.9
 1947—Texas 1:25.9
 1951—Drake 1:25.5*
 1954—Texas 1:25
 1957—Abilene Christian 1:24.2
 1959—Texas 1:23.8
 1968—Ohio 1:23.7

440 RELAY—UNIVERSITY

1922—Nebraska 42.8
 1923—Illinois 42.3
 1927—Kansas* and Iowa 41.8
 1930—Illinois 41.7
 1933—Illinois 41.6
 1938—Texas* and Rice 41.5
 1941—Texas 41.0*
 1957—Abilene Christian 40.5
 1959—Texas 40.5*
 1967—Nebraska 40.5
 1968—Oklahoma 40.5

DISTANCE MEDLEY—UNIVERSITY

1928—Illinois 10:24.5
 1929—Illinois 10:24
 1930—Marquette 10:23.7
 1931—ISU, Ames 10:21.6
 1932—Indiana 10:19.1
 1934—Purdue 10:15.3
 1938—Wisconsin 10:06.1
 1951—Michigan 10:05.6
 1952—Kansas 10:01.8
 1954—Kansas 9:50.4
 1966—Abilene Christian 9:41.6
 1967—Kansas 9:33.8

SPRINT MEDLEY—UNIVERSITY

1937—Ohio State 3:27.9
 1938—Rice 3:25.3
 1939—Rice 3:25.1
 1940—Indiana 3:25.1
 1941—Texas 3:23.2
 1942—Oklahoma 3:23
 1954—Kansas 3:21.4
 1955—Oklahoma A&M 3:20.4
 1959—Illinois 3:17.8
 1965—Baylor 3:17

880 RELAY—COLLEGE

1911—South Dakota 1:36.2
 1912—Coe 1:36
 1913—Hamline 1:33
 1915—Coe 1:31.8
 1917—Wabash 1:30.2

* Preliminary Mark

WORLD RECORDS AT DRAKE

Records are listed in highest category—a collegian setting a world's record will be listed only under WORLD RECORDS

- 1914—Illinois 2-mile relay 8:00 tied world's record
1916—Charles Hoyt, Grinnell 220 (curve) 21.4; Wisconsin 880 relay 1:28.8
1921—ISU, Ames 2-mile relay 7:52.4
1922—Illinois 4-mile relay 17:45
1923—Illinois 440 relay 42.3
1924—Charles Paddock 125-yard dash 12 sec.
1926—Roland Locke, Nebraska 100 9.5*
1929—Carl Jark, Army discus 158-3
1932—Ralph Metcalfe, Marquette 100 9.5 tied record; George Saling, Iowa 120 highs 14.4 tied record
1934—Jack Torrance, L.S.U. shot 55-1 1/2
1941—Texas sprint medley 3:23.2*
1942—Oklahoma sprint medley 3:23*; Roy Cochran, Great Lakes 440 hurdles 52.2
1954—Parry O'Brien shot 59-9 3/4
1967—Kansas distance medley 9:33.8

*No wind gauge for Locke's record
Texas (1941), Oklahoma (1942) ran fastest medleys ever, but International Federation had not as yet recognized the medley

AMERICAN RECORDS AT DRAKE

- 1922—Milton Angier, Illinois javelin 202-9 1/2
1923—Milton Angier, Illinois javelin 203-9 1/2; Illinois 880 relay 1:27.5; Iowa mile relay 3:16.9
1925—Butler 1 7/8 mile medley 7:43.9
1926—Charles Hoff, Norway, pole vault 13-9 1/4
1927—Iowa State 2-mile medley 8:08.2
1929—Illinois 480 yard shuttle hurdle 1:02.3
1930—Illinois 480 yard shuttle 1:01.9
1932—Indiana distance medley 10:19.1
1934—Sam Allen, Jack Herring, George Fisher, Lee Haring 480 shuttle hurdle 59.8 (runners represented four colleges)
1935—Jesse Owens, Ohio State broad jump 26-1 3/4
1936—Alton Terry, Hardin-Simmons javelin 222-7 3/4; Don Lash, Indiana 2-mile 9:10.6; Glenn Cunningham 1000-yards 2:11.2
1952—Illinois 2-mile relay 7:31.6; Kansas 4-mile relay 17:15.9
1954—Kansas distance medley 9:50.4
1957—Missouri 480 shuttle hurdle 58.4
1959—Illinois sprint medley 3:17.8
1961—Western Michigan 4-mile 16:50.4
1966—Michigan State 480 shuttle hurdle 57.4

AMERICAN COLLEGIATE RECORDS AT DRAKE

- 1917—Notre Dame 2-mile relay 7:56.8
1922—Harold Osburn, Illinois high jump 6-6
1932—Henry Brocksmith, Indiana 2-mile 9:13.6
1939—Greg Rice, Notre Dame 2-mile 9:10
1948—Lee Hofacre, Minnesota 440 hurdles 52.7
1952—Bob DeVinney, Kansas 440 hurdles 52.4
1958—Cliff Cushman, Kansas 440 hurdles 52.3;

- Alex Henderson, Arizona State 2-mile 8:51.3
1965—Baylor sprint medley 3:17
1968—Kansas 480 shuttle hurdle 56.7; Lennox Burgher, Nebraska triple jump 52-11

NATIONAL FRESHMAN MARKS AT DRAKE

- 1959—Dyrol Burleson, Oregon mile run 4:06.7
1964—Randy Matson, Texas A&M shot 64-1

NATIONAL INTERSCHOLASTIC MARKS AT DRAKE

- 1924—Washington, Cedar Rapids 440 relay 45.6
1948—North High, Des Moines 880 relay 1:28.8 tied record

IOWA WINNERS—INDIVIDUAL EVENTS

100 YARD DASH

- 1919—Raymond Hass, Grinnell 10.2
1942—Lee Farmer, Iowa 10.1

220 YARD DASH

- 1916—Charles Hoyt, Grinnell 21.4

440 COLLEGE-UNIVERSITY

- 1945—Paul Ware, Drake 49.8

MILE COLLEGE-UNIVERSITY

- 1952—Dewey Johnson, Drake 4:14.5
1953—Ray McConnell, Drake 4:17.6
1957—Deacon Jones, Iowa 4:10.7

2-MILE

- 1937—Bill Feiler, Drake 9:35
1945—Fred Feiler, Drake 9:47.3
1946—Fred Feiler, Drake 9:35.9
1948—Jerry Jefchak, Drake 9:39.7
1957—Deacon Jones, Iowa 9:17.4

120 HIGH HURDLES

- 1931—Bob Hager, Iowa State 14.7
1932—George Saling, Iowa 14.4

JAVELIN

- 1928—L. D. Weldon, Graceland 198
1930—L. D. Weldon, Iowa 202.48
1935—Mark Panther, Iowa 210.74
1944—James Eby, Iowa Pre-Flight 188.28
1945—Paul Fagerlind, Iowa 205.2

DISCUS

- 1928—Robert Mitchell, Iowa 141.9
1944—Don Welcher, Drake 137.2

LONG JUMP

- 1929—Ed Gordon, Iowa 23-3/4
1930—Ed Gordon, Iowa 24
1931—Ed Gordon, Iowa 23-10 1/2

POLE VAULT

- 1927—Xavier Boyles, Iowa 12-9
1943—Billy Moore, Drake 13

HIGH JUMP

- 1927—Summerfield Brunk and Bob Carle, Drake 6-4

- 1934—Linn Philson, Drake 6-3 3/4
1935—Linn Philson, Drake 6-5 3/4
1936—Linn Philson, Drake 6-5
1942—Milt Kuhl, Iowa 6-4

TRIPLE JUMP

- 1933—Paul Schneeman, Drake 46-5 3/4

1925—Butler 1:27.8
 1932—KS, Pittsburg 1:27.6
 1940—East Texas 1:27.5
 1947—Baldwin-Wallace 1:27.0
 1948—Baldwin-Wallace 1:26.6
 1951—North Texas 1:26.4
 1952—North Texas 1:25.8
 1958—Tennessee A&I 1:25.6
 1959—East Texas 1:25.4
 1961—Texas Southern 1:24.4
 1964—Texas Southern 1:24.2
 1965—Southern 1:23.2
 1966—Southern 1:22.7

440 RELAY—COLLEGE

1950—North Texas 42.5
 1951—North Texas 42.0
 1952—North Texas 41.7
 1954—Texas Southern 41.7
 1955—Abilene Christian 41.3
 1959—East Texas 41.1
 1964—Lincoln 40.6
 1965—Southern 40.5
 1966—Texas Southern 40.2
 1967—Texas Southern 39.9

DISTANCE MEDLEY—COLLEGE

1950—Beloit 10:34.7
 1951—Loyola, Chicago 10:26.3
 1952—Howard Payne 10:15
 1955—Miami, Ohio 10:13.7
 1958—Arizona State 10:02.1
 1959—Arizona State 10:01.9
 1962—Texas Southern 10:01.2
 1963—Loyola, Chicago 9:50.9
 1965—Miami, Ohio 9:49.4

SPRINT MEDLEY—COLLEGE

1923—Wabash 3:35
 1928—Hastings 3:34.1
 1930—Abilene Christian 3:33.3
 1931—Wichita 3:30.9
 1933—Abilene Christian 3:29.8
 1938—KS, Pittsburg 3:28.7
 1940—Loyola, Chicago 3:27.9
 1941—KS, Pittsburg 3:27.5
 1942—Prairie View State 3:26.7
 1952—Abilene Christian 3:23.9
 1955—KS, Emporia 3:21.9
 1962—Texas Southern 3:21.2
 1964—Texas Southern 3:19.8
 1966—Southern 3:17.4
 1967—Southern 3:17.3

480 YARD SHUTTLE HURDLE

1929—Illinois 1:02.3
 1930—Illinois 1:01.9
 1932—Iowa 1:01.6
 1936—Illinois 1:01.1
 1938—KS, Emporia 1:00.1
 1940—Texas 1:00.1
 1941—Oklahoma A&M 59.9
 1947—Ohio State 59.4

1955—Iowa 59.2
 1957—Missouri 58.4
 1965—Michigan State 57.9
 1966—Michigan State 57.4
 1967—Michigan State 57.3
 1968—Kansas 56.7

2-MILE RELAY—COLLEGE

1911—South Dakota 8:40.2
 1912—Morningside 8:28.8
 1915—Morningside 8:15
 1921—Cornell 8:11.8
 1923—Monmouth 8:10.5
 1924—Monmouth 8:10.3
 1925—Haskell 8:04.4
 1927—Haskell 7:59.3
 1931—Abilene Christian 7:57.8
 1933—KS, Pittsburg and KS, Emporia 7:52
 1936—KS, Emporia 7:52
 1938—KS, Pittsburg 7:47.6
 1939—Pepperdine 7:43.4
 1957—Arizona State 7:39.4
 1958—Howard Payne 7:39.3
 1961—Texas Southern 7:35.2
 1966—Southern 7:31.3
 1967—Texas Southern 7:30.2
 1968—KS, Emporia 7:30

MILE RELAY—COLLEGE

1911—Coe 3:36.6
 1912—Coe 3:29.8
 1915—Coe 3:28
 1917—Wabash 3:26.2
 1921—Cornell 3:23.2
 1925—Butler 3:18.2
 1936—Oklahoma Baptist 3:18
 1939—Southwest Texas 3:17.5
 1951—Abilene Christian 3:17.4
 1952—Abilene Christian 3:15.4
 1954—Abilene Christian 3:13.1
 1960—Central Michigan 3:12.2
 1964—Texas Southern 3:11.3
 1965—Southern 3:06.5

100 YARD DASH

1918 & 1920—Scholz, Missouri 9.8
 1923—Erwin, Kansas State 9.8
 1925—Locke, Nebraska 9.8
 1926—Locke, Nebraska 9.5
 1932—Metcalf, Marquette 9.5
 1935—Owens, Ohio State 9.5
 1956—Sime, Duke 9.4
 1957—Morrow, Abilene Christian 9.4
 1968—Hopkins, S. F. Austin 9.4

120 HIGH HURDLES

1917—Simpson, Missouri 14.8
 1925—Guthrie, Ohio State 14.8
 1931—Hager, Iowa State 14.7
 1932—Saling, Iowa 14.4
 1934-35—Allen, Oklahoma Baptist 14.4
 1938—Wolcott, Rice 14.2
 1947-48—Dillard, Baldwin-Wallace 14.1

* Preliminary Mark